ACTION ELEMENT – AVIATION

BACKGROUND

Aviation facilities in Butte County include both public and private airports and helipads serving commercial, recreational, medical, law enforcement, fire and agricultural needs. There are two publicly owned public-use airports, Chico Municipal Airport (CMA) and Oroville Municipal Airport; two privately owned public-use airports, Paradise Skypark Airport and Ranchero Airport, three privately owned airports, Butte Creek Hog Ranch Airport, Jones Airport, and Richvale Airport, one publicly owned seaplane landing site on Lake Oroville, two privately owned private-use heliports at Enloe Hospital and Oroville Hospital; and one publicly owned private-use airport for the Butte County Sheriff's Department. In addition, there are several agricultural and private-use airports in the county. These varieties of aviation facilities are located throughout Butte County.

The 2003 economic study done by Caltrans Division of Aeronautics (Division) found that aviation, although a small specialized component of transportation generated 9% of the California's gross domestic product (GDP) and employment base. A follow up forecasting study completed in February 2014, looked at the role airports can play in an environmentally and economically sustainable multimodal transportation system. These two studies provide communities with examples and tools that communities they can use to help integrate their airports into their comprehensive planning activities. Both studies and appendices are available on the Division's web site at: http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/planning/aeronaut/documents/2003EconomicStudy.pdf http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/planning/aeronaut/documents/planning/CaltransAirportForecastingStudy.pdf

http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/planning/aeronaut/documents/planning/CaltransAirportForecastingStudy_Appendices.pdf

AIRPORT LAND USE COMPATIBILITY PLANNING

Counties with public use airports are required to establish an Airport Land Use Commission to conduct airport land use compatibility planning. Their purpose is to protect public health, safety and welfare through the development of Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans (ALUCP). Counties have several options to choose from to satisfy this ALUC requirement. Butte County chose to retain this function, and prepared the ALUCP for its airports. Statutes governing ALUCs are set forth in Division 9, Part 1, Chapter 4, Article 3.5, Sections 21670-21679.5 of the California Public Utilities Code (PUC). The 2000 ALUCP for Butte County includes Chico Municipal, Oroville Municipal, Paradise Skypark, and Ranchaero. The County will be starting a revision of the current ALUCP starting in early 2016, and should be completed in approximately 2 years. The process will follow guidance found in the Division of Aeronautics October 2011 California Airport Land Use Planning Handbook available on the Caltrans website at: http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/planning/aeronaut/documents/alucp/AirportLandUsePlanningHandbook.pdf

REGIONAL OVERVIEW

Chico Municipal Airport, Chico CA

The Chico Municipal Airport (CMA) is the largest and busiest airport serving Butte County. Occupying approximately 2.3 square miles on the northern edge of the City of Chico, the airport handled 50,160 operations for the 12 month period ending August 31, 2014, and is home to 105 based aircraft. The airport is located north of the City of Chico along Cohasset Road. Its functional class is Primary Non Hub Regional-Business/Corporate. It serves a variety of aeronautic uses including commercial, business/corporate, military, agricultural, and general aviation. The 1,475 acre airport facility has two runways; the primary runway 13L/31R is 6, 724 feet long by 150 feet wide and is used for air carrier, agriculture, medical, general cargo, and military aviation. The primary runway, 13L/31R, incorporates the use of high intensity lighting GPS/VOR/ILS and Precision Approach Path Indicators (PAPI) in conjunction with other navigational aids to assist pilots. The Runway Protection Zones for runway 13L/31R are 1,000 feet by 2,500 feet and 2,500 feet long.

The secondary runway, Runway 13R/31L is the general aviation runway. It is located some 700 feet center to center distance west of the instrument runway. This runway is 3,005 feet long and 60 feet wide. The Runway Protection Zone for this runway is 250 feet by 450 feet and 1,000 feet long. This runway consists of an overlay over an asphalt concrete mat that was constructed during World War II by the U.S. Army Air Corps. There are 103 T-hangars, 5 custom private and 4 large conventional hangars, with an additional estimated 40 transient spaces in the apron area.

CMA was dedicated in 1935, and is a modern integrated air facility. The CMA is capable of accommodating air carriers, air taxi, charter, military, and general aviation planes. The airport has one full service Fixed Base Operator (FBO) to provide such services as refueling, plane servicing, air charter, maintenance and flight training. The air traffic control (ATC) tower is open from 7 a.m. until 7 p.m. seven days a week. The tower and all other navigational aids are maintained and operated by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). The tower is staffed by Serco Inc. personnel. All communication runs through the tower or UNICOM, which is operated by the FBO Northgate Aviation.

Oroville Municipal Airport, Oroville CA

Oroville Municipal Airport is a general aviation airport with a functional class of Regional and is owned by the City of Oroville. This 877 acre facility is located some 2.5 miles west of the remainder of the city along State Route 162. Although the city's sphere of influence extends a mile west of the airport, only the airport property and some private land to the north and west are currently within the city boundary. The surrounding unincorporated area includes the community of Thermalito situated northeast of the airport. To the southwest and southeast lie state-owned water project and wildlife refuge lands. An airport has existed on the present site since 1936 when the City of Oroville acquired the original 188 acres. During World War II, the U.S. Army took temporary

control of the airport. The Army made various improvements, including establishing the basic runway configuration, which remains today. Since reverting control back to the city in 1947, the city has acquired additional land and has made numerous improvements to the facility.

There were 36,000 operations for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2013. Itinerant aviation traffic accounted for 20,000 of the 36,000. And, there were 1,500 business related and/or air taxi operations during that time. The airport has very competitive Avgas and Jet-A fuel prices. Fueling is self-service only at this time, although provisions are in place to shortly provide a Jet-A fuel truck with full service fueling. There are two asphalt runways. The primary runway 01/19 is, 6,020 feet long by 100 feet wide. Runway 12/30 is 3,540 feet long by 100 feet wide, with a parallel taxiway parallel running the length of each runway. The Runway Protection Zones for runway 01/19 are 500 feet by 1,010 feet, by 1,700 feet beginning 200 feet from runway end. There are 72 T-hangars, 67 tie downs, and 30 transient spaces. There are currently 70 based aircraft at the airport, including 64 single-engine, 2 multi-engine planes, 1 helicopters, and 2 ultra-light aircraft.

The two primary points of ground access to the Oroville Municipal Airport are via SR 162 and Larkin Road. SR 162 connects the airport with SR 70 and the City of Oroville to the east and to SR 99 to the west, while Larkin Road connects the airport to Gridley and Live Oak to the south. Several improvements have been made on State Route 162 to improve capacity between SR 70 and the airport. These improvements include reconstruction of the Feather River Bridge and adding a continuous left turn lane.

Paradise Skypark Airport, Paradise CA

Paradise Skypark Airport situated 3 miles south of the Paradise town center serves an important role in Butte County. This special-use privately owned, the airport offers general aviation access to the community of Paradise along State Route 191 and also functions as a weather alternate when the larger airports located in lower elevations are fogged in. Because this is a private airport prior permission is required before use. Paradise is situated approximately 1,300 feet above sea level. Positioned along a narrow ridge south of town, the airport occupies 35 acres of property. Due to its geographic location, the airport is both physically and operationally constrained. However, this airport is an important regional base for skydiving activities.

Runway 17/35 is 3,017 feet long by 60 feet wide, and was rebuilt in 1999 with parking spaces for 50 aircraft. A parallel taxiway runs the length of the runway. 5 T-hangars and 1 conventional hangar, and 67, tie downs are also provided. A total of 45 aircraft are based at Paradise Airpark, including 44 single-engine and 1 multi-engine planes

Total operations for the year ending in March 1991 were 12,000. Annual operations have remained constant. Ground access to the Paradise Skypark Airport is via SR 191

(Clark Road). This section of SR 191 is expected to operate at an acceptable level of service for the next twenty years. No public transit service is currently provided at the airport, but several taxi services are available.

Ranchaero Airport, Chico CA

Ranchaero Airport is a 23.5-acre facility located on the west side of Chico. A privately owned special-use general aviation airport, Ranchaero has one asphalt runway 14/32 is 2,156 feet long by 30 feet wide. This airport serves a combination of recreational, flight training, agricultural, and limited business functions. Because this is a privately owned airport prior permission is required for use. The runway has a full length parallel taxiway. There are 19 T-hangars and one conventional hangar, with 22 tie downs. A total of 30 aircraft are based at Ranchaero Airport, including 30 single engine aircraft and 4 helicopters. Annual aircraft operations are estimated at 5,000 and are projected to remain constant. Ground access to Ranchaero Airport is via Oak Park Avenue and Santa Clara Avenue. Traffic on these roads is limited to very light local residential traffic, as well as those traveling to the airport itself.

Lake Oroville Seaplane Landing Site (SLA)

Lake Oroville provides a seaplane-landing site over 1,460 acres in the center of the main body of the lake. Caltrans Division of Aeronautics revoked its permit December 26, 2012. Pilots may continue to use the SLA without a state permit, but must adhere to federal and any other associated guidelines. There is no runway per se, but a landing area on the water spanning 9,000 feet long by 9,000 feet wide. There are no airport facilities, such as hangars, nor are there any based aircraft. Operations are estimated at 3 to 4 per year. The Division will continue to work with the California State Parks as requested to enhance the safety of the SLA.

Butte County Sheriff's Office, Oroville CA

The Butte County Sheriff's Office has a parking lot heliport located at its jail complex on County Center Drive in Oroville. The landing pad measures 70 feet by 70 feet, and perimeter lighting is planned. While the Sheriff's Office owns one helicopter and leases another for the busy summer months, these crafts are based at the Oroville Municipal Airport. Use of the heliport is restricted to authorized law enforcement agencies.

Enloe Hospital heliport, Chico CA

Enloe Hospital has a rooftop heliport at its acute care medical facility located at W. 5th Avenue and the Esplanade in Chico. The landing pad measures 75 feet wide by 66 feet long, and perimeter lighting is provided. There is one helicopter based at the facility, which is used for emergency medical transportation to and from outlying areas. Operations average approximately 1,100 per year.

Oroville Hospital heliport, Oroville CA

Oroville Hospital has a heliport located in a parking lot at its acute care medical facility on Olive Highway in Oroville. The landing pad measures 48 feet in diameter, and perimeter lighting is provided. There are no based aircraft. The heliport is used for emergency medical transportation to and from outlying areas. Operations average 35 to 50 per year.

FORECASTS AND TRENDS

Air Passenger

Commercial air service at CMA ended in December 2014, and is unlikely to resume for several years if ever. High air fares for flights serving CMA coupled with low fares, a greater choice of flights, and easy access to Sacramento International Airport, frequent delays in/out of CMA all contributed to the service loss. The CMA is used extensively for the business and general aviation serving the Chico and Central Sacramento Valley areas.

Air Cargo

The CMA provides a full complement of cargo service to the north state area. Air cargo service is currently limited to small single and twin-engine aircraft that generally carry the freight to major hubs. The expansion of air cargo operation out of the CMA is difficult to forecast. The major air cargo operators such as UPS, Federal Express, Airborne, and Emery, will not establish hub operations in an area that does not have major air cargo demands such as San Francisco or Los Angeles. Typical cargo aircraft serving CMA are small such as: Cessna 208, Cessna 402, Piper PA32 and a Beech 99. These cargo aircraft operate from the existing aircraft parking apron on the east side of the aircraft parking apron.

With the close proximity of the CMA to the other airports in Butte County, it is no surprise that very little air cargo is transported to Oroville Municipal Airport and Skypark Airports. Understandably, air cargo would travel to Chico then be transported by ground to its destination. The *Paradise Post* (newspaper) does have a weekly scheduled shipment throughout the year. The Paradise Skypark Airport does however, serve an important role to air cargo not only in Butte County, but the Northern Central Valley as well. When the valley floor is fogged in, air cargo is transported via the Paradise Skypark Airport. Other northern California options include Grass Valley and Auburn. Air Cargo forecasts for these two smaller airports are expected to be minimal due to the proximity to CMA. They can, however, handle a significant increase in capacity should the unlikely need arise.

General Aviation

The August 2003 Chico Airport Master Plan includes forecasts for commercial air service as well as other general aviation, military, and government uses. Since the airport lost its commercial service the commercial services and trends discussions in the master plan are no longer applicable, but other sections of the document still apply. The airport is in the process of updating its airport lay out plan (ALP) to reflect these changes. The ALP must be approved by the FAA. The ALP reflects the ultimate build out of the airport, and designates the types of facilities that could be built at the airport. these facilities will impact future uses of the airport. Current facilities accommodate for business enterprise, repair service, small package or courier service, agricultural activities, medical emergency, search and rescue, pilot training and recreational and tourism activities.

Oroville Municipal Airport is also beginning the process of updating its ALP. The airport will not update the July 1990 master plan because much of the information in the plan is still applicable. The revised ALP will reflect possible new uses for the airport.

Ranchaero, being the smallest airport in the western portion of the City of Chico is ideal for agricultural uses, pilot training, and recreational uses. As identified in Table 10-2 above, CMA is used extensively during the fire season and by the military and coast guard. The CDF operates a fire attack base from the northern portion of the aircraft parking area. Aero Union Company operates from the same area to maintain and rehabilitate aircraft used by CDF.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS

The CMA is the largest and busiest airport in Butte County. When originally developed by the military during World War II, the facility was several miles from the edge of the city. Over the past 50 years, urban expansion has extended toward the airport. Land use surrounding the airport will continue to be an issue. Industrial uses are planned adjacent to both the east and west sides of the airport. The Airport Master Plan proposes extending CMA's primary runway, Runway 13L-31R currently 6,724 feet long to 8,600 feet to be able to adequately service turbo jet aircraft in the future, such as the Boeing 717, McDonnell Douglas DC-9 and MD-80. Though currently not an issue at this time, it is prudent to consider the protection and reservation of the needed land to the north to allow for the runway extension in the future as well as allowing the Runway Protection Zone moved to the north the same distance.

Other capacity considerations identified in the Chico Airport Master Plan propose widening and extending Runway 13R-31L to be used by CDF operations and commercial service when the main runway is closed for maintenance, reconstruction, or due to an accident. Additional capacity considerations are included in the Chico Airport Master Plan, Chapter 3.

The Oroville Municipal Airport, on the other hand, is situated next to a golf course on the west, grazing land on the south and north, and a protected wildlife refuge to the east. Due to the relative lower number of operations of this airport, there are no immediate capacity issues at this time.

The Paradise Skypark Airport is restricted by its physical geographical location, on a ridge. This airport currently does not face any immediate capacity issues and can handle double its current operations according to its airport manager.

The smaller Ranchaero Airport is restricted by its surrounding agricultural orchards and the residential development. Operations are projected to remain somewhat constant. For the future, no significant issues are anticipated. The City of Chico's urban development boundary and the Butte County "green line" both preclude extension of urban uses into the agricultural lands west of the city.

AVIATION ACTION PLAN – Planned Improvements

2016 ACIP Update

The biennial Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) update process has begun for California airport sponsors. To receive State funding, each project must be included in the most recent CIP approved by the California Transportation Commission. The airport manager must complete their airport's projects list online using the AirportIQ System Manager (ASM) database to be considered for any State issued grant programs, including State Airport Improvement Program Matching Grants or Acquisition and Development (A&D) Grants.

CONCLUSION

BCAG will continue work with Caltrans and local airport managers to help secure funding for the local airports and to assist the City of Chico work towards bringing back passenger service.

Figure 10-1 Airport Master Records

	INT OF TRANSPO		AIRPORT MA	STER RE	CORD	PRINT DATE: AFD EFF Form Approved	11/06/2012 09/20/2012 OMB 2120-0015	
>1 ASSOC CITY: CHICO >2 AIRPORT NAME: RANCHAERO			4 STATE: CA			FAA SITE NR: 01396.1*A TE CA		
3 CBD TO AIRPORT (1	M): 01 W GENERAL		6 REGION/ADO:		7 SECT AERO CHT	: SAN FRANCISCO	DODAET	
10 OWNERSHIP: F	RIVATE		>70 FUEL: 100LL	SERVICES	-	90 SINGLE ENG:	RCRAFT	
	ANCHAERO INC		TOTOLL. TOOLL			91 MULTI ENG:		
	599 OAK PARK A	/E				92 JET:		
	HICO, CA 95928					TOTAL:		
	30-342-5242							
	BARY GRIGGS 599 OAK PARK A'	/=				93 HELICOPTERS:		
	HICO, CA 95928	V E				94 GLIDERS: 95 MILITARY:		
	30-342-5242					96 ULTRA-LIGHT:		
17 ATTENDANCE SCH	EDULE:							
ALL ALL	0900-1700			FACILITIES				
			>80 ARPT BCN:					
			>81 ARPT LGT SKED >82 UNICOM:					
18 AIRPORT USE:	PRIVATE		>83 WIND INDICATO	R: NO				
19 ARPT LAT:		2765N ESTIMATED	84 SEGMENTED CI					
20 ARPT LONG:	121-52-13		85 CONTROL TWR:	NONE				
21 ARPT ELEV:		TIMATED	86 FSS:		O MURIETA			
22 ACREAGE:	23		87 FSS ON ARPT:	NO				
23 RIGHT TRAFFIC:	NG: NO		88 FSS PHONE NR		V PRIEE			
24 NON-COMM LAND	NO.		89 TOLL FREE NR:	1-800-W	A-DRIEF			
RUNWAY DATA								
30 RUNWAY IDENT:	_	14/32						
31 LENGTH:		2,156						
32 WIDTH:		30						
33 SURF TYPE-COND	1	ASPH-P						
LIGHTING/APCH A	IDS							
40 EDGE INTENSITY:		BSC - G / BSC -		1 -	- / -	- / -		
42 RWY MARK TYPE-	COND:	B00 - 0 / B00 -	0		,	,		
OBSTRUCTION DA		AAA / AAA		7	1	,		
50 FAR 77 CATEGOR	<i>(</i> :	A(V) / A(V) 300 / 200		,	,	,		
51 DISPLACED THR:		TREES / TREE	S	1	7	1		
52 CTLG OBSTN: 53 OBSTN MARKED/L	GTD:	/		1	/	1		
4 HGT ABOVE RWY		10 / 20		/	/	/		
55 DIST FROM RWY E		200 / 230		1	/	1		
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110 REMARKS:								
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		T STRENGTH ESTIMA						
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11 INSPECTOR:	(S) 1	12 LAST INSP:	11/04/2005	113 LAST IN	FO REQ: 02/14/2012			

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	MENT OF TRANS		AIRPORT MAS	TER RE	CORD	PRINT DATE: AFD EFF Form Approved C	11/06/2012 09/20/2012 DMB 2120-0015
1 ASSOC CITY:	OROVILLE		4 STATE: CA		LOC ID: OVE		NR: 01998.*A
2 AIRPORT NAME:	OROVILLE N	INUN	0.05010111100			TTE CA	
3 CBD TO AIRPORT	GENERAL		6 REGION/ADO:		/ SECT AERO CHT	SAN FRANCISCO BASED AIR	CDAFT
10 OWNERSHIP:	PU		>70 FUEL: 100L	SERVICES		90 SINGLE ENG:	CRAFI
11 OWNER:	CITY OF OROVI	LLE	701022			91 MULTI ENG:	
12 ADDRESS:	1735 MONTGON	MERY ST	>71 AIRFRAME RPRS:	NONE		92 JET:	
	OROVILLE, CAS	95965	>72 PWR PLANT RPRS			TOTAL:	
13 PHONE NR:	530-538-2420		>73 BOTTLE OXYGEN	NONE		93 HELICOPTERS:	
14 MANAGER: 15 ADDRESS:	RICK WALLS 1735 MONTGON	MERY ST	>74 BULK OXYGEN: 75 TSNT STORAGE:	TIE		94 GLIDERS:	
	OROVILLE, CAS		76 OTHER SERVICES			95 MILITARY:	
16 PHONE NR:	530-538-2507					96 ULTRA-LIGHT:	
17 ATTENDANCE SC	CHEDULE:						
UNATNDD				FACILITIES		OPERATIONS 100 AIR CARRIER:	
			>80 ARPT BCN:	OG		102 AIR TAXI:	1,5
			>81 ARPT LGT SKED:	SEE RMK		103 G A LOCAL:	14,5
18 AIRPORT USE:	PUBLI		>82 UNICOM: >83 WIND INDICATOR	122.800 YES-L		104 G A ITNRNT:	20,0
19 ARPT LAT:		16.1000N ESTIMATED	84 SEGMENTED CIRC			105 MILITARY:	
20 ARPT LONG: 21 ARPT ELEV:		-19.2000W SURVEYED	85 CONTROL TWR:	NONE		TOTAL:	36,0
22 ACREAGE:	920	SORVETED	86 FSS:		MURIETA	OPERATIONS FOR 12	
23 RIGHT TRAFFIC:			87 FSS ON ARPT: 88 FSS PHONE NR:	NO		MONTHS ENDING	12/31/20
24 NON-COMM LAN			89 TOLL FREE NR:	1-800-WX	BRIEF		
25 NPIAS/FED AGRE 26 FAR 139 INDEX:	EEMENTS:NGPR	Y	00 102211121111		0.1121		
	1						
RUNWAY I 30 RUNWAY IDENT:		01/19	12/	30			
31 LENGTH:		6,020	3,5	40			
32 WIDTH:		100	10				
33 SURF TYPE-CON 34 SURF TREATMEN		ASPH-G	ASP	H-G			
35 GROSS WT:	SW	60.0	25	0			
36 (IN THSDS)	DW	80.0	25	.0			
37	DTW						
38	DDTW						
39 PCN: LIGHTING/AP	CH VIDE						
40 EDGE INTENSITY		HIGH	HIC	SH			
42 RWY MARK TYPE		BSC - G / BSC			- /-	- 1 -	
43 VGSI:		/ P2L	V2L /		,	1	
44 THR CROSSING		/ 41 / 3.00	32 / 3.00 /		,	i	
45 VISUAL GLIDE AN 46 CNTRLN-TDZ:	NGLE.	N-N / N-N			- / -	- 1 -	
47 RVR-RVV:		-N / -N	- N /		- / -	- 1 -	
48 REIL:		N / N	N /	N	(1	
49 APCH LIGHTS:		/	,		,	1	
OBSTRUCTIO					,	,	
50 FAR 77 CATEGO		C / B(V)	B(V) /		,	;	
51 DISPLACED THR 52 CTLG OBSTN:		′,	/	TREES	,	ì	
53 OBSTN MARKED	ALGTD:	,	1		1	1	
54 HGT ABOVE RWY		,		20	/	1	
55 DIST FROM RWY		1		600	,	1,	
6 CNTRLN OFFSET		504 / 504		200L	,	,	
57 OBSTN CLNC SL 58 CLOSE-IN OBSTN		50:1 / 50:1 N / N	50:1 /		,	,	
DECLARED DIS		IN / IN	N /	1A			
0 TAKE OFF RUN A		7	1		,	1	
61 TAKE OFF DIST A		1	,		,	1,	
62 ACLT STOP DIST		,	1		,	1	
33 LNDG DIST AVBL	(LDA):	,	/		-		
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110 REMARKS:							
81 RWY AF	PT ACTVT HIRL F	RY 01/19 & RY 12/30 - C	TAF. PAPIRY 19, VASIF	Y 12 & RY 30	OPER CONT.		
			AURANT TIEDOWNS 20				
10-2 FIREFI		VOF ARPT MAY-OCT.					
		RI CTC (530) 538-2490.	4000 00007 4 5 4 5 5				
10-4 GLIDEF	75 / NM RADIUS	5,000 FT AND BELOW	1600-2200Z WEEKENDS				

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FEDERAL AVI		ANSPORTATION INISTRATION	AIRPORT MAS	TER RECORD			11/06/2012 09/20/2012 IB 2120-0015	5
1 ASSOC CITY: PARADISE 2 AIRPORT NAME: PARADISE SKYPARK		4 STATE: CA	LOC ID: 5 COUNT	Y: BUTTE CA	FAA SITE NR: 02026.5*A			
3 CBD TO AIRPORT			6 REGION/ADO: A		ERO CHT: SAN FI			
10 OWNERSHIP:	PRIVATE	AL_	>70 FUEL: 100LL	ERVICES	00.6	BASED AIRC	RAFT	
11 OWNER:	JOHN H. FF	RANKLIN+	70 POEL. TOOLL			MULTI ENG:		
12 ADDRESS:		ST SUITE 200			92 J			
	CHICO, CA	95928				TOTAL:		
13 PHONE NR:	530-343-96							
14 MANAGER:	JAIME HUT					HELICOPTERS: SLIDERS:		
15 ADDRESS:	CHICO, CA	ST SUITE 200 95928				JULITARY:		
16 PHONE NR:	530-343-96					JLTRA-LIGHT:		
17 ATTENDANCE SC	CHEDULE:							
UNATTND				FACILITIES				
			> 80 ARPT BCN:	055 0111				
			>81 ARPT LGT SKED: >82 UNICOM:	SEE RMK 122.800				
18 AIRPORT USE:	P	RIVATE	> 83 WIND INDICATOR:	YES-L				
19 ARPT LAT:		9-42-38.0000N ESTIMATE						
20 ARPT LONG:		21-36-59.4000W	85 CONTROL TWR:	NONE				
21 ARPT ELEV:	1	300.0 ESTIMATED	86 FSS:	RANCHO MURIETA				
22 ACREAGE:	3		87 FSS ON ARPT:	NO				
23 RIGHT TRAFFIC:	1	7	88 FSS PHONE NR:	4 000 140/ PDIEE				
24 NON-COMM LAN	DING:		89 TOLL FREE NR:	1-800-WX-BRIEF				_
RUNWAY DATA	X .							
30 RUNWAY IDENT:		17/35						
31 LENGTH:		3,017						
32 WIDTH:	_	60						
33 SURF TYPE-CON	ID:	ASPH-0	3					
LIGHTING/APCH 40 EDGE INTENSITY 42 RWY MARK TYPE	/ :	LOW NSTD - G / B	sc-G - 1		- / -	- / -		
OBSTRUCTION I	DATA				,			
50 FAR 77 CATEGOR		A(V) / A(V) /		,	,		
51 DISPLACED THR		427 /	;		7	,		
52 CTLG OBSTN:	A CTD:	TREE /	ĵ		1	i		
53 OBSTN MARKED. 54 HGT ABOVE RWY		115 /	1		/	1		
55 DIST FROM RWY		1,200 /	1		/	1		
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110 THIS A	IRPORT HA	S BEEN SURVEYED BY T	HE NATIONAL GEODETIC S					
110-4 LAND F			TH OF RWY. 3 3017 FT LGTD. RY 17 NIG	HT LDGS NOT AUTH, DU	E TO MOUNTAIN	OUS TERRAIN WITH T	FREES APRO	ΟX

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION			AIRPORT MAS	TER RE	PRINT DATE: 11/06/2012 AFD EFF 09/20/2012 Form Approved OMB 2120-0015		
ASSOC CITY: CHICO		4 STATE: CA		LOC ID: CL56	FAA SITE NR: (01396.1*A	
2 AIRPORT NAME: 3 CBD TO AIRPORT (NI	RANCHAER	0	6 REGION/ADO: A	MDISEO	5 COUNTY: BUT 7 SECT AERO CHT		
3 CBD TO AIRPORT (NI	GENERAL			ERVICES	/ SECT AERO CHT	BASED AIRCRA	FT
10 OWNERSHIP: PF	RIVATE	-	>70 FUEL: 100LL		-	90 SINGLE ENG:	3
11 OWNER: RA	NCHAERO IN	C				91 MULTI ENG:	
	99 OAK PARK					92 JET:	
	IICO, CA 9592 0-342-5242	8				TOTAL:	3
	ARY GRIGGS					93 HELICOPTERS:	
	99 OAK PARK	AVE				94 GLIDERS:	
	IICO, CA 9592	8				95 MILITARY:	
16 PHONE NR: 53 17 ATTENDANCE SCHE	0-342-5242					96 ULTRA-LIGHT:	
ALL ALL	0900-170	00	1	ACILITIES			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0000 111		> 80 ARPT BCN:	A GILLIII LO			
			>81 ARPT LGT SKED:				
			> 82 UNICOM:				
18 AIRPORT USE: 19 ARPT LAT:	PRIVAT	IO.2765N ESTIMATED	>83 WIND INDICATOR: 84 SEGMENTED CIRC	NO IE: VES			
20 ARPT LONG:		-13.7835W	85 CONTROL TWR:	NONE			
21 ARPT ELEV:		ESTIMATED	86 FSS:		MURIETA		
22 ACREAGE:	23		87 FSS ON ARPT:	NO			
23 RIGHT TRAFFIC:	14		88 FSS PHONE NR:				
24 NON-COMM LANDIN	IG: NO		89 TOLL FREE NR:	1-800-W	X-BRIEF		
RUNWAY DATA							
30 RUNWAY IDENT:	_	14/32					
31 LENGTH:	- 1	2,156					
32 WIDTH: 33 SURF TYPE-COND:	- 1	30					
33 SORF TIPE-COND.	- 1	ASPH-P					
40 EDGE INTENSITY: 42 RWY MARK TYPE-C	OND:	BSC - G / BSC -	G - /		- / -	- / -	
OBSTRUCTION DA' 50 FAR 77 CATEGORY: 51 DISPLACED THR: 52 CTLG OBSTN:		A(V) / A(V) 300 / 200 TREES / TREE:	s !		,	! ! !	
53 OBSTN MARKED/LG 54 HGT ABOVE RWY EI		10 / 20	1		/	,	
55 DIST FROM RWY EN		200 / 230	1		/	1	
) ARPT MGR PLFASE	ADVISE FSS II	N ITEM 86 WHEN CHAN	GES OCCUR TO ITEMS I	PRECEDED	BY>		
110 REMARKS:		The state of the s					
033 RWY 14/32 035 RWY 14/32 057 RWY 14 RV	GROSS WEIG WY 14 APCH R	ATIO 13:1 TO DSPLCD	ATED PRVDD BY AMGR	ES 535 FT FI			DI INE
958 RWY 14 RV 958 RWY 32 RV	WY 14 +15 FT WY 32 ORCHA	ROAD 100 FT FM; +35 F	PLACED THRESHOLD C T TREES 135 FT FM; +10 S LEFT & RIGHT 34 FT FM	FT TREES 1		I EOR, BOTH SIDES OF CENTER	ALIJVE
	S)	112 LAST INSP:	11/04/2005		FO REQ: 02/14/2012		

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